HOUSE BILL No. 1333

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-1.1-10-16.

Synopsis: Nonprofit organization property tax exemptions. Provides that property owned by a religious or charitable organization that: (1) is occupied by a lessee, life tenant, or trust beneficiary; and (2) generates income for the religious or charitable organization; is not exempt from the property tax.

Effective: July 1, 2002.

Saunders, Adams T

January 15, 2002, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means.





Second Regular Session 112th General Assembly (2002)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2001 General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1333

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

CECTION 1 10 (1 1 10 1 (10 1 MENDED DV D 1 100 2001
SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-10-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2001.
SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 16. (a) All or part of a building is exempt from
property taxation if it is owned, occupied, and used by a person for
educational, literary, scientific, religious, or charitable purposes.

- (b) A building is exempt from property taxation if it is owned, occupied, and used by a town, city, township, or county for educational, literary, scientific, fraternal, or charitable purposes.
- (c) A tract of land, including the campus and athletic grounds of an educational institution, is exempt from property taxation if:
 - (1) a building which is exempt under subsection (a) or (b) is situated on it; and
 - (2) the tract does not exceed:
 - (A) one hundred fifty (150) acres in the case of:
- (i) an educational institution;
- (ii) a tract that was exempt under this subsection on March 1, 1987; or



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1	(B) two hundred (200) acres in the case of a local association				
2	formed for the purpose of promoting 4-H programs; or				
3	(C) fifteen (15) acres in all other cases.				
4	(d) A tract of land is exempt from property taxation if:				
5	(1) it is purchased for the purpose of erecting a building which is				
6	to be owned, occupied, and used in such a manner that the				
7	building will be exempt under subsection (a) or (b);				
8	(2) the tract does not exceed:				
9	(A) one hundred fifty (150) acres in the case of:				
10	(i) an educational institution; or				
11	(ii) a tract that was exempt under this subsection on March				
12	1, 1987;				
13	(B) two hundred (200) acres in the case of a local association				
14	formed for the purpose of promoting 4-H programs; or				
15	(C) fifteen (15) acres in all other cases; and				
16	(3) not more than three (3) years after the property is purchased,				
17	and for each year after the three (3) year period, the owner				
18	demonstrates substantial progress towards the erection of the				
19	intended building and use of the tract for the exempt purpose. To				
20	establish that substantial progress is being made, the owner must				
21	prove the existence of factors such as the following:				
22	(A) Organization of and activity by a building committee or				
23	other oversight group.				
24	(B) Completion and filing of building plans with the				
25	appropriate local government authority.				
26	(C) Cash reserves dedicated to the project of a sufficient				
27	amount to lead a reasonable individual to believe the actual				
28	construction can and will begin within three (3) years.				
29	(D) The breaking of ground and the beginning of actual				
30	construction.				
31	(E) Any other factor that would lead a reasonable individual to				
32	believe that construction of the building is an active plan and				
33	that the building is capable of being completed within six (6)				
34	years considering the circumstances of the owner.				
35	(e) Personal property is exempt from property taxation if it is owned				
36	and used in such a manner that it would be exempt under subsection (a)				
37	or (b) if it were a building.				
38	(f) A hospital's property which is exempt from property taxation				
39	under subsection (a), (b), or (e) shall remain exempt from property				
40	taxation even if the property is used in part to furnish goods or services				
41	to another hospital whose property qualifies for exemption under this				



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1	(g) Property owned by a shared hospital services organization which			
2	is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) or			
3	501(e) of the Internal Revenue Code is exempt from property taxation			
4	if it is owned, occupied, and used exclusively to furnish goods of			
5	services to a hospital whose property is exempt from property taxation			
6	under subsection (a), (b), or (e).			
7	(h) This section does not exempt from property tax an office or a			
8	practice of a physician or group of physicians that is owned by a			
9	hospital licensed under IC 16-21-1 or other property that is no			
10	substantially related to or supportive of the inpatient facility of the			
11	hospital unless the office, practice, or other property:			
12	(1) provides or supports the provision of charity care (as defined			
13	in IC 16-18-2-52.5), including providing funds or other financia			
14	support for health care services for individuals who are indigen			
15	(as defined in IC 16-18-2-52.5(b) and IC 16-18-2-52.5(c)); or			
16	(2) provides or supports the provision of community benefits (as			
17	defined in IC 16-21-9-1), including research, education, or			
18	government sponsored indigent health care (as defined in			
19	IC 16-21-9-2).			
20	However, participation in the Medicaid or Medicare program alone			
21	does not entitle an office, practice, or other property described in this			
22	subsection to an exemption under this section.			
23	(i) A tract of land or a tract of land plus all or part of a structure or			
24	the land is exempt from property taxation if:			
25	(1) the tract is acquired for the purpose of erecting, renovating, or			
26	improving a single family residential structure that is to be given			
27	away or sold:			
28	(A) in a charitable manner;			
29	(B) by a nonprofit organization; and			
30	(C) to low income individuals who will:			
31	(i) use the land as a family residence; and			
32	(ii) not have an exemption for the land under this section;			
33	(2) the tract does not exceed three (3) acres;			
34	(3) the tract of land or the tract of land plus all or part of a			
35	structure on the land is not used for profit while exempt under this			
36	section; and			
37	(4) not more than three (3) years after the property is acquired for			
38	the purpose described in subdivision (1), and for each year after			
39	the three (3) year period, the owner demonstrates substantia			
40	progress towards the erection, renovation, or improvement of the			
41	intended structure. To establish that substantial progress is being			
42	made, the owner must prove the existence of factors such as the			



1	following:				
2	(A) Organization of and activity by a building committee or				
3	other oversight group.				
4	(B) Completion and filing of building plans with the				
5	appropriate local government authority.				
6	(C) Cash reserves dedicated to the project of a sufficient				
7	amount to lead a reasonable individual to believe the actual				
8	construction can and will begin within six (6) years of the				
9	initial exemption received under this subsection.				
10	(D) The breaking of ground and the beginning of actual				
11	construction.				
12	(E) Any other factor that would lead a reasonable individual to				
13	believe that construction of the structure is an active plan and				
14	that the structure is capable of being:				
15	(i) completed; and				
16	(ii) transferred to a low income individual who does not				
17	receive an exemption under this section;				
18	within six (6) years considering the circumstances of the				
19	owner.				
20	(j) An exemption under subsection (i) terminates when the property				
21	is conveyed by the nonprofit organization to another owner. When the				
22	property is conveyed to another owner, the nonprofit organization				
23	receiving the exemption must file a certified statement with the auditor				
24	of the county, notifying the auditor of the change not later than sixty				
25	(60) days after the date of the conveyance. The county auditor shall				
26	immediately forward a copy of the certified statement to the county				
27	assessor. A nonprofit organization that fails to file the statement				
28	required by this subsection is liable for the amount of property taxes				
29	due on the property conveyed if it were not for the exemption allowed				
30	under this chapter.				
31	(k) If property is granted an exemption in any year under subsection				
32	(i) and the owner:				
33	(1) ceases to be eligible for the exemption under subsection (i)(4);				
34	(2) fails to transfer the tangible property within six (6) years after				
35	the assessment date for which the exemption is initially granted;				
36	or				
37	(3) transfers the tangible property to a person who:				
38	(A) is not a low income individual; or				
39	(B) does not use the transferred property as a residence for at				
40	least one (1) year after the property is transferred;				
41	the person receiving the exemption shall notify the county recorder and				
42	the county auditor of the county in which the property is located not				



1	later than sixty (60) days after the event described in subdivision (1),	
2	(2), or (3) occurs. The county auditor shall immediately inform the	
3	county assessor of a notification received under this subsection.	
4	(1) If subsection $(k)(1)$, $(k)(2)$, or $(k)(3)$ applies, the owner shall pay,	
5	not later than the date that the next installment of property taxes is due,	
6	an amount equal to the sum of the following:	
7	an amount equal to the sum of the following.	
8	(1) The total property taxes that, if it were not for the exemption	
9	under subsection (i), would have been levied on the property in	
10	each year in which an exemption was allowed.	
11	(2) Interest on the property taxes at the rate of ten percent (10%)	
12	per year.	
13	(m) The liability imposed by subsection (l) is a lien upon the	
14	property receiving the exemption under subsection (i). An amount	
15	collected under subsection (1) shall be collected as an excess levy. If	
16	the amount is not paid, it shall be collected in the same manner that	
17	delinquent taxes on real property are collected.	
18	(n) Property referred to in this section shall be assessed to the extent	
19	required under IC 6-1.1-11-9.	
20	(o) Except as provided in section 18.5 of this chapter, this	
21	section does not exempt from property tax a building or tract of	
22	land that is:	
23	(1) owned by, or held in trust for the use of, a:	
24	(A) church;	
25	(B) religious society;	
26	(C) charitable organization; or	
27	(D) nonprofit corporation or association;	
28	(2) occupied by a:	W
29	(A) lessee;	
30	(B) life tenant; or	
31	(C) beneficiary of a trust described in subdivision (1); and	
32	(3) used to produce income for the religious or charitable	
33	organization.	

